BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, May 13th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, in advance; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. 1863.

The New-York Tribune, first issued in 1841, in its twenty-second years, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862 is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-eminently a journal of News and of Literature, The Tribune has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

The Tribune devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to Education, Temperance, Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle; which we trust to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted, bleeding country. We believe that not otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the co-operation of all friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to increase the price of The Tribune. Our new terms are:

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Single Copy	3 cents.
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The Tribune Almanac for 1863 will be ready about Christmas.

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, Proprietor

In addition to the conveniences of a first class Hotel, the Proprietor has fitted up in his house, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

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THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 39—No. 19. Beaver, Wednesday, May 13, 1863. Established 1818

[From the Waynesburg Republican.]

Hon. Jesse Lazear.

Mr. Editor:—I crave space in the *Republican* to make a few inquiries and, perhaps, a few suggestions that may not prove altogether uninteresting and unimportant to the public.—The subject to which I shall allude, to you Waynesburgers may be a *delicate one*—and I should think it was. I have waited long and looked anxiously for something from the pen of some of you who understand this matter better than I, and who are more competent to discuss its merits. Yet I have looked in vain. But to the subject.

It is conceded, I believe, that the Hon. Jesse Lazear has the most decided and extended influence of any man in our little County. It is but natural that he should have. Apart from his being a man of the most agreeable social parts the positions which he holds, both in private and public life, are such as to confer upon him the honor, as well as the title, of a leading man. As Cashier of the Farmers & Drovers' Bank—a kind of moneyed monopoly—it is to be expected that he should wield a powerful influence in this community of drovers and speculators. I do not chide him for this. I say it is not wonderful, in this Country where the hearts of the people are so closely allied with the contents of their pockets — where money letting and money getting form the "base of operations," and is the incentive that prompts the almost every motive and action—it is not strange, that the Banker should be a power in the land. And I shall take occasion just here, Mr. Editor, if you will admit such a suggestion into your columns, to hint that it is strongly suspected, that for *this reason*, none of your wise men have ventured to hold this man responsible for the natural consequence of the influence he wields. For no matter how attained, a man's responsibility is in all respects commensurate with the influence he has acquired with his fellow men.

It is, however, to his political and public career and influence that I wish to advert. As member of Congress from this District, he is "recognized as the brain, the heart, the soul, the philosopher and guide" of the Greene County Democracy. His brain inspires its utterances; his hands moulds and fashions its action. Surely, then, he should be held responsible for the utterances and acts of the people who are wont to do his bidding. The present hostile attitude of the political organization and the general disaffected posture of his party towards the war and the administration of the Government, is directly attributable to *his* teachings. And when we retrospect the State of the Country and view the intense bitterness of malice that the extreme class of his partisans have conceived for the friends of the Government—when we witness the secret connivings and plottings and schemings against its operations—hear their mad denunciations and maledictions against the President, often culminating in praises of, and cheers for the arch-traitor Jeff Davis, we are led to exclaim: "Fearful responsibility!"

In confirmation of this view of the matter, it is to my mind only necessary to recur to his votes during the late Session of Congress. Notwithstanding Mr. Lazear had taken the stump during the political campaign of last fall, and as the *only resort and the only condition by which he could secure his re election*, declared himself favorable to the vigorous prosecution of the war, and pledged himself to vote men and means to this end, would it not be well to stop and inquire how faithfully these fair promises were kept? How frequently have we heard Union Democrats and Republicans who are now mortified at being accessory to his election, declaring that *they were deceived*—that his speeches at Carmichaels and elsewhere, and his private conversation to them, was Union to the core—that they could ask no greater assurance of devotion to the cause they wished to serve than that which he, *apparently*, was eager to give, unasked. If the asservations of these patriotic individuals be true, herein lies the most fearful responsibility of any.

Now, Mr. Editor, I wish to make some inquiries in reference to the action of our Congressman during the late Session of Congress. Is it true as is alleged that he opposed the war policy in everything? I have not the facilties at hand to speak positively on all his votes. But I think the people have a right to to know what their public servants have done and are doing. This fact they belong to the public and are subject to its scrutiny, criticism and disposal. Hence I do not hesitate in making these inquiries, nor do I think that you, Mr. Editor, or any one else who can give the information, should hesitate to do so It is your duty. Let the people have light. Did Mr. Lazear dodge the vote on the admission of West Virginia, or is it true that he claims to have paired off? and if so, with which side did he pair? What was his motive for refusing a vote of thanks to General B. F. Butler? Why did he oppose the act confiscating rebel property? To what end did he vote against the National Banking system? Why would he not vote to indemnify the President for the Military arrests of disloyal citizens? What possessed the man to oppose the Protest against Foreign Intervention? Why should he be hostile to the Conscript act?—How does he stand on the various appropriation Bills? Is there anything on the record wherein he voted favorable to prosecuting the war and crushing out the rebellion? wherein he varied a whit from the policy of Vallandigham and May, the most extreme and criminal opposers of the war?—That he *voted the Third Mileage* into his own pocket, can be more readily accounted for, but not on principles of self-sacrificing, or any other kind of patriotism. What now has he done to commend him to a loyal constituency? Wherein has he redeemed his pledges? In what has the Country been benefitted by his counsels?—I hope this matter will be agitated until the truth is known. W.

Democratic Consistency.

A steady and continual opposition is made, by the Democratic party as a mass, to every measure of Congress identified with the vigorous prosecution of the war; but to none more so than to those which preeminently represent the national authority—the Conscription act and the authorization of Treasury note issues. The opposition to these is made the test of Democratic adhesion, and is kept up by every Democratic orator and newspaper in the north. It is a curious fact that the that the south, with which they all sympathize, had from the very start resorted to these measures, and that they were the most effecual weapons of the rebellion. The conscription has been enacted by the rebel Congress and put in force relentlessly, and not a man south raises his voice against it. No northern Democrat has yet denounced this as an instance of rebel centralization and despotism. Whatever is done by the rebels seems to be right in the eyes of these copperheads, while precisely the same measures at the north are fearfully despotic. To the south the issue of treasury notes has been an indispensable resource, without which they could not have obtained funds In like manner their Conscription act was to them a necessity, and both these measures have enabled them to protract the war. On the other hand, our northern copperheads have by their own proceedings brought about the very state of things at the north which renders it necessary for us to have a conscription act. If the sentiment of the people were still unanimous in favor of the war and, its object, no conscription would be necessary, and the present [illegible] of the Democratic party to pervert the the loyalty of the masses In like manner they have clamored against direct taxation, against all wholesome revenue measure, and yet now oppose the national currency which furnishes the government with a large loan bearing no interest. The only natural inference from such a course is that these men are in favor of the rebels pursuing any policy which will strengthen their cause, and opposed to all measures which will strengthen us.—*Phil. Nor. Amer.*

A Copperhead Rebuked by Irving.

The following anecdote is from the "Life and Letters of Washington Irving:"—Irving was descending the Hudson on the steamboat when the tidings of the triumphant entry of the British into Washington, and the acts of uncivilized hostility which followed, first reached him. It was night, and the passengers had betaken themselves to their settees to rest, when a person came on board at Poughkeepsie with the news of the inglorious triumph, and proceeded in the darkness of the cabin to relate the particulars: the destructoin of the President's house, the Treasury, War and Navy offices, the Capitol, the depository of the national library and public records. There was a momentary pause after the speaker had ceased, when some paltry spirit lifted his head from from his settee, and in a tone of complacent derision "wondered what Jimmy Madison would say now," "Sir," said Mr. Irving, glad of an escape to his swelling indignation, "do you seize on such a disaster only for a sneer? Let me tell you, sir, it is not a question about Jimmy Madison or Jimmy Armstrong. The pride and honor of the nation are wounded; the country is insulted and disgraced by the barbarous success, and every loyal citizen should feel the ignominy and be earnest to avenge it." "I could not see the fellow," said Mr. Irving, "but I let fly at him in the dark." A murmur of approbation followed the outburst, and then every ear was listening for the reply, but the energy of the rebuke had cowed the spokesman, for he did not again raise his voice.

☞ A fellow was one day boasting of his pedigree, when a wag who was present remarked, very sententiously. "Ah! I have no doubt. That reminds me of a remark made by Lord Bacon, that they who derive their worth from their ancestors resemble potatoes, the most valuable part of which is under ground."

☞ "How many legs would a dog have, if you called his tail one?"—"Five, of course." "No; only four. It wouldn't make his tail a leg to call it one."

List of Jurors.

For June Term, commencing 1st Monday

GRAND JURORS.

Borough tp: T. M. Johnston.
Freedom: Philip Bentel (Foreman.)
Darlington: A. H. Anderson.
Raccoon: John Christy.
North Sewickly: Addison Cunningham.
Fallston: Rufus P. Covert.
Green: Milton Calhoun, Samuel Moore.
Big Beaver: John Dillon, Aaron Miller.
New Brighton: James Edgar, J. R. Hanna.
Ohio: Adam Hays.
Brighton: James Q. Eakin.
Marion: George Hartzell Jr.
New Sewickly: John Hicks.
Chippawa: John M'Carter.
Economy: Samuel M'Manamy.
Rochester: John Merryman, James M'Williams.
South Beaver: Isaiah Morgan, James M. Young.
Independence: Wm. M. Reed.
Franklin: John Slater.

PETIT JURORS.

Borough tp: Marmaduke Wilson, Hiram Stowe, Daniel Thurston, David Hall, James Mitchel, James Harper.
Big Beaver: Robert Shannon, Sr.
Bridgewater: A. C. Hurst, James Moorhead,
Brighton: Washington Phillis.
Chippawa: Samuel Brittain, David Ferguson, Robt. White.
Darlington: Wm. B. Duff, Nathan Eakin, Joshua Newell.
Economy: Wm. M'Elhany.
Fallston: Thos. Beacom, Jos. James.
Green: Andrew Poe.
Hopewell: Abram Rodenbaugh.
Hanover: Dunlap M'Cullister.
Independence: Matthew Anderson, Simon Butler.
Industry: Jno. M'Gaffick, Jacob Phillis.
Moon: Allen Brooks, Wm. Bickerstaff.
New Brighton: James Fleming Wilmer Walton.
New Sewickly: Moses Hendrickson.
Ohio: Wm. L. Rayl.
Phillipsburg: Phillip Baker.
Rochester: Wm. Marshall, John S. Shepler.
Raccoon: B. D. Dodds, Jno. Scott.
South Beaver: Washington Johnston.

Longevity.—One of the most remarkable circumstances attending the fortunes of the signers of the Declaration of Independence was the [illegible] and the late period to which they were protracted. Most of them lived to a good old age, crowned with civil honors bestowed by the gratitude of the republic, and some of them perished by the mere decay of the powers of nature. Of the fifty-six who affixed their signatures to that document, twenty-seven lived to an age exceeding seventy years, and forty to an age of sixty. Only two of the whole number, Gwinnett of Georgia, who fell in a duel in his forty-fifth year, and Lynch of South Carolina, who was shipwrecked in his sixtieth year, died a violent death.—Twenty-one lived to the beginning of the present century, and there were permitted to see the great experiment confirmed of a representative confederacy confirmed by the events of fifty years. Of all the delegates from New York and New England, only one, Whipple of New Hampshire, died at an earlier age than sixty.

☞ The shoulder-straps of a Major-General bear two silver embroidered stars, one on each end of the strap. A Brigadier-General has one silver star only. A Colonel has a silver embroidered spread eagle; a Lieutenant-Colonel has two silver embroidered leaves, one at each end of the strap; a Major has two embroidered gold leaves, similarly placed. A Captain has two gold bars at each end of the strap; a First Lieutenant one gold bar at each end; and a Second Lieutenant none at all.

The cloth of the strap, by its color, distinguishes the arm of the service. For General and Staff officers, it is dark blue; for artillery, scarlet; for infantry, sky blue; for riflemen, green, and for cavalry orange color.

Non commissioned officers are indicated by stripes on the cont sleeve, in form of a letter V. Corporals wear two; Sergeants three; Orderly Sergeants have a diamond shaped figure within the angle of the chevrons.—Sergeant-Majors have the three stripes of a Sergeant completed into a triangle, base uppermost.

☞ The brave young men who ran away to Canada, that they might avoid the draft, will be called upon to pack up "duds" and return home to stand their little drafts, for the reason that a bill has been introduced into the Canadian Parliament, providing for a return to the United States of all deserters from our army, and, by the new Conscription Law, every man whose name is drawn, and who fails to appear, is called a deserter, and when caught will be punished as being one.

☞ "I am astonished, my dear young lady, at your sentiments; you make me start." "Well, sir, I have been wanting you to start for the last hour."

☞ The worst and most unendurable of all our ills are the imaginaly ones.

THE GREAT BATTLE AT FREDERICKSBURGH.

PROGRESS OF THE FIGHT.

Up till Sunday, April 26, no real movement had taken place, although the entire army of the Potomac had been kept on the alert for several weeks by marching orders, preparation of cooked rations, reducing baggage, etc. A cavalry expedition under Gen. Stoneman, sent out, it is believed to operate in the rear of the enemy and destroy his communications, from some cause unknown, and the infantry movements were delayed from day to day by the almost incessant rains. On the 26th, however, the roads became more passable, and a general movement commenced. The Fifth, Seventh, Eleventh and Twelfth Corps, accompanied by the entire cavalry force under Gen. Stoneman, moved up the Rappahannock to Kelly's Ford, twenty-five miles above Falmouth. Here the pontoons had been secretly collected and concleaed, and on Monday evening the column, headed by Stoneman's cavalry, began to cross. Simultaneously preparations, apparently concealed with the same care, were made for crossing the river below Fredericksburg, at the point selected for Franklin's crossing in December, where a considerable force, with the same show of secrecy, passed down the river towards Port Royal. The columns below the city laid their bridges and crossed in some force, and drove back or captured the enemy's pickets, after a smart action, resting in such a position as to cover the heads of the bridges. Thus on Monday the enemy was threatened on both flanks, while the movement towards Post Royal was of such a character as to require strong dispositions for resisting it.

AT CHANCELLORSVILLE.

Up till Monday evening everything had been conducted with such celerity and secrecy as to insure the crossing of the stream and the capture of the enemy's pickets without delay, and with comparatively trifling loss Gen. Hooker, who had personally directed the movement at the upper crossings, then, for the first time, communicated his plan to the corps commanders, and rode down along the line to the extreme left. The First and Third corps, which it had been supposed, were designed for the lower crossings, then marched rapidly up the river to United States ford, meeting with but little resistance, [illegible] were at work with the same view, and in the morning both armies were entrenched.

THE CAVALRY MOVEMENT.

The *role* of Gen. Stoneman's cavalry, now for the first time definitely known, was to cut the railroad bridges that cross the two affluents of the Pamunkey—namely, the North and South Anna—less than twenty miles from Richmond. The bridge over the North Anna is a hundred and fifty feet long and eighty feet high, and cannot possibly be reconstructed in less than a fortnight How far he has succeeded was not yet known, but from his former failure, some doubt was felt as to the result.

JACKSON'S ADVANCE.

On Saturday a rebel force advanced by the Fredericksburg road, directupon Chancellorsville. Knapp's battery opened upon them and soon compelled them to retire. On Friday Sykes' regulars had pushed out towards Banks' Ford, and after a sharp skirmish took possession of a height about a mile in advance of our left.—It was abandoned, however, as being too far in advance, and during the night a rebel battery was planted upon us, but one of our batteries replied, and by two successive shots, blew up two of the rebel caisons, causing the battery to retire. A reconnoisance of the 26th Penn'a. on the right, discovered the enemy in two lines of battle, with artillery in position, and another by Bordan's Sharpshooters returned with fifty prisoners of the 3d Georgia. At 1 o'clock Geary's division, Slocum's corps, was sent out to repel an advance of the enemy, and soon returned in disorder, Kane's brigade of "raw" troops having broken and thrown the column into confusion. Slocum was ordered to hold his position, Howard supporting on the right, and the rebel advance was finally checked. Failed at this point, the rebels again massed for a stronger assault on the right, and rushed forward, with a savage yell, by the Culpepper road. Jackson's whole corps, reinforced by D. H. Hill's division, numbering in all forty thousand men, had precipitated themselves on Howard's corps, forming our extreme right wing. This corps is composed of the divisions of Schurz, Steinweir and Devin and consists in great part of German troops. Without waiting for a single volley from the rebels, this corps disgracefully abandoned their position behind their breastworks, and came, panic stricken, down the road toward headquarters. Our rights was thus completely turned, and the rebels in the fair way of doubling us up.

The entire corps swept away in utter route, threatening to bear with them the yet unbroken divisions of the center. Their entrenchments were abandoned, and guns and accoutrements thrown away in the wild route.

In their main position part of the enemy were in *line of battle* in a dense wood, thick with undergrowth and small trees, interlacing each other, the woods in depth nearly half a mile.—In the rear of the woods the trees had been felled, making as complete an *abattis* as could by any possibility be arranged. In the rear of this their infantry lines were stationed, behind some hastily-constructed rifle pits; while just back of these woods a slight eminence was apparent, where were stationed their batteries. Their left, however, was less strong in position, and here it was that we had them on nearly equal ground. The Eleventh Corps, Gen. Howard, here managed to secure a position from which he could not have been driven had they been disposed to come out and "show their hands." This they did not do, hence we were compelled to attack them, which we did, and succeeded in forcing them to retire, our troops moving forward and bivouacing for the night upon the same ground occupied by their batteries during the early part of the afternoon.

On our left, in front of their right, the Second Corps, General Couch were engaged; joining them on the right, was stationed the Fifth Corps, Gen. Meade, drawn up in line of battle, just at the edge of the woods above spoken of, with skirmishers thrown forward into the dense woods, Gen. Whipple's Division, Third Corps, moving in their rear at supporting distance. Joining the Fifth on the right, was stationed the Eleventh Corps, General Howard, and the Twelfth, Gen. Slocum, the latter's right resting about two miles from the river, and their left resting on the plankroad, near the spot on the map known as Hawkins' Church. Birney's and Berry's Divisions of Third Corps, General Sickles, with French's Division, from the Second Corps, being their support.

ON SATURDAY.

The military situation on Saturday moring, therefore, stood as follows: Our main force held the position at Chancellorsville, confronting the main rebel massed opposite. Howard's corps had the extreme right; then a division of Sickles' corps—then Slocum—then Couch—then Meade on the left, Humphrey's division of Meade's corps holding the extreme of the left. Working parties were employed during the whole night in throwing up breastworks, and the woods resounding with the strokes of [illegible] felling trees for [illegible] and in the morning both armies were entrenched.

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CHECKED BY BERRY.

Gen. Berry was immediately sent forward at double quick, to rely upon their bayonets, and by their gallant stand the enemy was forced back into the entrenchments, from which he had just driven the Eleventh corps.—Batteries were immediately sent forward to hold the position, and two pieces massed in front of Sickles' headquarters. Gen. Pleasanton, too, succeeded in turning back a dozen pieces taken from the [illegible] and planting them in a favorable position, while he drew up his little brigade of cavalry consisting of squadrons of the Sixth New York, First Pennsylvania and Seventeenth Pennsylvania, with [illegible] to protect the guns (a novel sight in battle.) Directing the pieces to be double shotted with canister, he swept the position occupied by the enemy with a murderous fire.

THE PLANS FOILED.

Meanwhile the panic stricken Dutchmen swept on to the rear, towards United States ford, the General officers of the other commands vainly endeavoring to check to retreat. Sykes' regulars were then sent down to reform them, if possible, in the rear.—In this shameful retreat twelve pieces of cannon were abandoned to the enemy. The rout was still more disastrous, as it completely foiled the movements against the enemy's center, which had been broken. Of course this disaster compelled the recall of Sickels and Slocum, who had been pursuing their work with remarkable vigor. Gen Williams' division returned only to find a portion of their works filled with the enemy. Sickles' division could not communicate with the rest of the army at all by the way they advanced, and only at great risk by any other route.

DESPERATE NIGHT ATTACK.

During the night an attack was ordered Ward's brigade, of Birney's division, massing on the ridge in front of the enemy. The moon, shone brightly and by its light the awful charge was made, equalling in slaughter that of Malvern Hill. The enemy was driven back half a mile, and a portion of the artillery lost by Howard retaken. Communications were restored with Sickles' corps, and the right retired to a line resting on Rappahannock ford. Reynolds' (1st) corps arrived during the night and was stationed on the right, Meade also joining the line from the left, and his place on that wing being supplied [illegible] sized, for there would be little or no fighting on that wing. [illegible] still further secured by the entrenchments thrown up by Meade during the day. Our line had thus assumed the form of a triangle, the right stretching away from the enemy, the centre and left holding their former position. The plank road which flanked the right was the chief object of struggle during the day, which finally resulted in the enemy's success. At five o'clock a. m., the rebels could be plainly seen up the plank road, about a mile and a half from the Chancellor House which Gen. Hooker held as his headquarters, though a shell had gone through it the evening before, and another had cut down a tree directly in front of it. Our lines of battle was formed with Gen. Berry's gallant division on the right, Gen. Birney on the left, Gen. Wripple and Gen Williams supporting. At 5½ a. m. the advance became engaged in the ravine, just beyond the ridge where Capt. Best's gun hand made their terrific onslaught the night before, and where they still frowned upon the enemy and threatened his destruction.

SATURDAY'S FIGHT.

The rattle of musketry soon became a long continued crash; and in a few moments, as battalion after battalion became engaged, the roar surpassed all conception, and indicated that the fight would be one of the most terrible nature. Gen Berry's division, which had checked the enemy's advance the night before, engaged him again, and if it were possible for them to add more laurels to their fame, then they did it thrice over again.—The enemy advanced his infantry in overwhelming numbers, and seemed determined to crush our forces. But the brave men of Sickles and Slocum, who fought their columns with desperate gallantry, held the rebels in check, and inflicted dreadful slaughter among them Gen. French's division was sent in on the right flank of our line at about 7 a. m., and in a short time a horde of ragged, streaming rebels running down the road, indicated that that portion of the enemy's line had been crushed. At 8 o'clock a. m., Gen French sent his compliments to Gen. Hooker, with the information that he had charged the enemy and was driving them before him.

Sickles maintained the attack upon his line with great endurance. The enemy seemed determined to crush him with the immensity of his forces, and, as subsequently shown from the statements of prisoners, five whole divisions of the rebel army were precipitated upon this portion of the line, for from these five divisions we took, during the day, an aggregate of over two thousand prisoners.

DESPERATE VALOR.

Many desperate charges were made

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during the fight particular by Berry's division. Mott's brigade made fifteen distinct charges, and captured *seven* stands of colors the Seventh New Jersey, Col. Francine, alone capturing four stands of colors and five hundred prisoners

Gen. Couch's Second Army Corps, though only in part present, did excellent work! It was Gen French who charged and drove the enemy on the flank, and it was the indomitable Hancock who gallantly went to the relief of the hard-pressed Sickles.

The engagement lasted without the slightest intermission from 5½ a. m. to 8:45 a. m., when there was a temporary cessation on our part, occasioned by getting out of ammunition. We held our position for nearly an hour with the bayonet, and being resupplied, an order was given to fall back to vicinity of the Chancellor House, which we did in good order. Here the contest was maintained for an hour or more, not so severely as before, but with great havoc to the enemy, and considerable loss to ourselves.

The engagement, which had lasted six hours, terminated in the repulse of the enemy from our right, causing him to mass in force on our center which was slightly retired. The right wing, under Reynolds and Meade. (First and Fifth Corps) was not engaged, save Humphrey's Division, which fought gallantly in the woods until its ammunition was exhausted.

ON THE LEFT WING.

The whole force left in front of Fredericksburg on Saturday at noon was the Sixth Corps, with one Division of the second Corps. This force covered the bridges and threatened the enemy, displaying its lines to the greatest advantage.

THE FIRST ADVANCE.

Between four and five p. m., on Saturday, May 2, the light brigade was thrown forward—the 31st New York in the first line, as skirmishers, supported by the 6th Maine, the 5th Wisconsin, and the 61st Penna. Vols., drawn up in line of battle. This advance was directly from the the river, across the level open plain just over the point at which the bridges spanned the stream, and this little field of battle was bounded on the right by the ravine that runs up from one Bernard's house. Across the front of the field ran the Bowling Green road, and the possession of that road was the object of the present advance. Briskly received by the enemy's pickets, our line still went on, and in twenty minutes had possession of the road, where our men bivouacked.

ORDER OF THE ADVANCE.

At half-past twelve o'clock in the morning, on Sunday, May 3d, the column left the river's bank and marched to and up the Bowling Green road. Shaler's brigade had the advance; behind it became battery G, Second United States artillery. Lieut. Butler, then Wheaton's brigade, and [illegible] brigade of Newton's di[illegible] First United States [illegible] mished in advance of the [illegible] For the [illegible] of the distance the march was unmolested; but as the advance was on the descent of a little hill just south of the town a fire of pickets was opened upon them from the opposite hill to the left. By this fire several men were knocked down, and Maj. Healy, of the Chasseurs, was dangerously wounded. But the Chasseurs went on steadily, and at about three o'clock entered the town of Fredericksburg, and held it until the remainder of the column came up.

THE PONTOONS MOVED.

Toward daylight the advance discovered the enemy in position, and rested. At daybreak the 27th Pennsylvania were discovered by the rebels, lying in range of the rifle pits on the crest of the hill, and suffered considerably from their fire. Battery G, 2d U. S. Artillery, with M'Carthy's Holmes and Hexameter's batteries opened upon the enemy, and silenced the musketry. The rebel batteries then began to shell the town, where our troops were massed. As the troops moved up into Fredericksburg, the pontoon bridges were taken up and relaid in front of the town securing a line of retreat.

THE MAIN ATTACK.

Another use was also made of the bridges, for in a short time after the Sixth corps had occupied the town, Gibbon's division of the Second corps crossed to participate in the struggle, and that also was in the streets in the lower part of the town. Brooks' division of the Sixth corps had not come with us. He had here Newton's division, Howe's division, the light division and Gibbon's division of the Second corps all massed in the town and fairly in front of the very position that Sumner had vainly endeavored to carry last winter.

Gen. Frank Wheaton's brigade was now thrown forward to the left, and skirmished before the enemy's position in that direction. The enemy was found to be there. Still further to the left General Howe did the same, and the enemy was there.—After some examination a point far to our right was picked out. It was determined that there were neither artillery nor men at that point. Gen Gibbon was sent there with the command. First a battery was placed on a hill at point blank range opposite a work of the enemy's so that guns should not be brought there. Scarcely was the battery—the 3d Rhode Island, Capt. Hazard—in position before two guns opened upon it from the work, to which Capt Hazard, on the open field, responded handsomely. Hazard's battery was supported by the 3d Rhode Island.

Meanwhile General Gibbon's infantry was in motion towards the supposed pregnable point of the

enemy's line. Far away to the right, across the green plain, and towards the hill side, they moved in column, and at them also the enemy began to throw shell. As Gibbon's line thus advanced to the right a bad place in the roads caused the 29th Mass. to become somewhat massed, and the enemy suddenly opened upon it a fire of grape and canister, which proved very destructive.

THE ASSAULT.

The indeterminate skirmishing continued for some time, our troops feeling the enemy along his entire line.—Howe felt for a chance on the left, and Gibbon found every equally difficult on the right. A plan of assault was determined upon, to be made by the Third and Eighth divisions under General Newton against the enemy's center In the the 3d division were the 102d and 139th Pa. regiments.—Attempts to storm were to be made simultaneously by Gibbon on the right, Howe on the left, and Newton on the center, and were so made; but inasmuch *as Newton's was the successful attempt—as he was the first to penetrate* the line and as the line when once penetrated at one point was no longer tenable anywhere—Newton's assault appears to deserve the special honor.

The assault was made on the center against Mary's Hill. The road to Chancellorsville, winds around this hill with a pretty step ascent. Near the hill a road leaves the Chancellorsville road, runs towards the south across the front and right of the hill at its base. The latter road has a substantial stone wall on each side of it, and there roads, with a little assistance from the spade had been converted into excellent breastworks.—About the center of the first wall was a little house which made the position the stronger, and this was only the base of the hill. No artillery fire could touch those walls, for it was a sunken road, and, though the walls were four feet high in the road, in the fields their tops were level with the surface. Thus, as seen by our batteries, there were actually no walls there. Behind the second line of pits rests the hill, and around the crest runs a well constructed earthwork, in which there was one large howitzer. Both flanks of this hill were completely swept by the fire of works of the same character on either side.

The Great Battle of Sunday.

A Chancellorsville correspondent gives the following graphic description of the great battle on Sunday:—The enemy had advanced through the woods close up to our lines, and were attacking us in great force, despite our artillery. We filled the woods with shell, crossing fires in all directions, but still the masses of the enemy crowded on. It seemed as if they were a dense mob, those in the rear being ignorant of the carnage going on in front, crowding their companies on to sure destruction.—They appeared in front of our lines for at least a mile, along the front of the entire Third and Second corps, coming up in dense [illegible] [illegible] as the response broke from our ranks.—It was frightful to contemplate the slaughter to which these men were forced. Whole brigades would be swept away in the determined effort to force our lines, and still other brigades would spring up to take their places. And so they fought us, and so we continued to fight, until the cartridge boxes of our men began to grow light, and their powers of endurance began to flag under the constant exertion.

In this Frightful Life and Death Struggle the whole plain of Chancellorsville was swept by the missiles of one or the other party, and heart sick and weary of witnessing such sacrifices of human life, I turned my horse's head away and moved down the road towards the ford. And here other scenes equally affecting met my eye. Long trains of ambulances were constantly coming down the road, depositing their loads of suffering, mangled men at impromptu hospitals hastily fitted up beneath the shelter of the woods, where large gangs of surgeons was occupied to the utmost limit of their ability in dressing the wounds. The road swarmed with those not sufficiently wounded to necessitate carriage in an ambulance, yet for whose sufferings as they went hobbling and groaning along the stoutest hearted must bleed.

AND STILL THE CARNAGE WENT ON.

It was nine o'clock. Since five o'clock that deafening, horrible roar of musketry had known no cessation; and the loud booming of a hundred cannon sent the sound only to a greater distance without adding to its volume. And yet our men held their position. Could human endurance stand more? They, too, were suffering; not slain so lavishly as the enemy, because sheltered; but their ranks were sensibly thinning. Half-past nine o'clock — our column is growing weak. Ten o'clock — the work of death still goes on. Ten thousand brave men have closed their eyes in death during the past five hours. Two thousand an hour slain! Ten thousand more have been mangled and crippled for life.

The ratio of deaths to the simply wounded was never equalled in war. One to one. We mowed the enemy down by brigades; they wounded us by dozens and scores. Could we endure the exertion long enough? Even though they did so greatly outnumber us we should finally destroy them. But our men were exhausted. Half-past ten o'clock. Our ranks our broken. From sheer fatigue our men have given way. One entrance into these rifle pits and the still dense masses of the enemy make but short work of clearing them. But though repulsed, we are not disordered. Like vetrans, every column falls back in order, and the line is re-established

at the old brick house Chancellorsville.

NARROW ESCAPE OF GEN HOOKER.

And here the Commanding General met with a very narrow escape. He was standing upon the porch of the old brick house, leaning against one of the pillars, when a shell struck the pillar, shattering it to splinters. The General was thrown down and somewhat stunned; but otherwise was unhurt. It was not his fate to be injured in this battle. He had been on the field throughout its continuance, everywhere present where the fight was the hottest, encouraging his men to renewed efforts, and escaped without a scratch. His safety was most miraculous.

BRAVERY OF GENERAL HOOKER.

Whatever may be the issue of the present fighting, one thing is certain; that General Hooker has made himself known to the army as one of the bravest and most daring men that ever was on a field of battle. There is no fear in him. He rides anywhere and everywhere, and at all times of the day and night. Having occasion to visit his headquarters shortly after my return this morning, and learning that he had changed them from where they had been, I asked Lieutenant Col. Weld, of General Meade's staff, his present locality. "Go to the very front," said the Lieutenant Colonel, "then go to the line of skirmishers, and from there advance to the first house further in front, and you will find Gen. Hooker's headquarters

Retreat of the Whole Army Over the Rappahannock.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The *Tribune* publishes an extract with dates from the army of the Potomac to the 6th, which states that the army had recrossed the Rappahannock at United States and Banks Ford.

The crossing commenced at ten o'clock on Tuesday night. At three o'clock on Wednesday all the wagon and mule trains and artillery had crossed, and the infantry was crossing on two bridges at United States Ford—General Couchs' corps in advance.

The retreat was covered by General Meade's fifth corps, Lee's sharpshooters picked off the artillery horses, and any mounted officers seen. The rebel batteries occupied all the advantageous positions and fired vigorously upon General Hooker's camp, but disappeared as soon as our batteries were opened on them.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The following appears in the National Intelligencer of this morning:—Official information received at the war department last evening authorizes us to state that General Hooker, after waiting on the rain near Cancellorsville on Tuesday for a renewal of the battle by the enemy, re-crossed the Rappahannock on the evening of that day influenced by prudential motives, springing doubtless in part from the great and sudden rise of the Virginia rivers, in consequence of the recent heavy rains, threatening our supplies [illegible] movement, of the success which is alleged to have attended the operations of Gen. Stoneman in cutting the rebel communications with Richmond.

If this fact had been known to him, assuming it to be a fact, it may be doubted whether Gen. Hooker would have deemed necessary to take a step which must tend to deprive him of some, at least, of the advantages resulting from Gen. S.'s co operative expedition.

STONEMAN DID ALL HE WENT TO DO.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The *World* has issued an extra with the following news: The Richmond papers of the 5th state that Stoneman's Cavalry have destroyed all the bridges between Richmond and the Rappahannock, torn up the railroads, cut down the telegraph wires, had ventured within a few miles of Richmond.—Consequently no communication can be had with Gen. Lee's army.

Official intelligence from Gen. Stoneman states that after the above achievements, he deployed his immense cavalry force many, miles, forming a line of observation to detect the approaching rebel reinforcements.

Reinforcements are pressing down to Gen Hooker, who will thus outnumber any forces brought against him.

It is rumored that Lee massed his army on our right and that Gen. Hooker will immediately change his base of operations, but where is unknown.

Gen. Hooker's Army Reported to Have Again Crossed the Rappahannock.

The following, published in extras in Philadelphia on Saturday, was telegraphed to Pittsburg on Sunday:

On Friday Morning, 8th, Maj. Gen. Hooker recrossed the river with ten corps d'armee and after reconnoitering the old position held by him at Chancellorsville, found that the enemy had fallen back, leaving hundred of his wounded behind, and his dead unburied.

During the day the entire army crossed the river with sixteen days' rations and moved forward, and deployed right and left in search of the enemy, who was found, not to be in force to eight p. m.

A large number of stragglers have come into our outposts since and given themselves up, after expressing their disgust with the rule of the rebel leaders.

The men confirm the published account of the consternation in Richmond by Gen. Stoneman's raid.

Gen. Hooker informed Gen. Halleck that he only needed the co-operation of Gens. Peck and Keyes, in a second advance, to render the destruction of the rebel army and the capture of Richmond certain.

The report that Richmond has been captured by Gen. Keyes is not credited at the War Department.

Just prior to the departure of the train, your correspondent learns from an officer of the War deparment that Gen. Peck has to-day entered Richmond.

[Dispatches of Tuesday morning entirely discredit the report that Peck has taken Richmond, and some state that Hooker has not crossed to the South side of Rappahannock.—There are so many conflicting stories afloat that one hardly knows what to to believe; but we give the reports as we get them, leaving our readers to decide as their truthfulness themselves]

A Proclamation by the President

WASHINGTON, May 8, 1863.

Whereas, The Congress of the United States at its last session enacted a law entitled "An Act for Enrolling and Calling Out the National Forces, and for other purposes," which was approved on the 3d day of March last; and

Whereas, It is recited in the said act that there now exists in the United States an insurrection and rebellion against the authority thereof, and it is, under the Constitution of the United States, the duty of the Government to suppress insurrection and rebellion, to guarantee to each State a Republican form of Government, and to preserve the public tranquility; and

Whereas, For these high purposes a military force is indispensable, to raise and support which all persons ought willingly to contribute; and

Whereas, No service can be more praiseworthy and honorable than that which is rendered for the maintenance of the Constitution and the Union, and the consequent preservation of free government; and

Whereas, For the reasons thus recited, it was enacted by the said statute that all able bodied male citizens of the United States and persons of foreign birth who shall have declared on oath their intentions to become citizens under and in pursuance of the laws thereof, between the ages of 20 and 45 years, with certain exceptions not necessary to be here mentioned, and declared to constitute the National forces, and shall be liable to perform military duty in the service of the United States, when called out by the President for that purpose; and

Whereas, It is claimed and in behalf of persons of foreign birth within the ages specified in said act who have heretofore declared on oath their intentions to become citizens under and in pursuance of the laws of the United States, and who have not exercised the right of suffrage or any other political franchise under the laws of the United States, or of any of the States thereof, are not absolutely concluded by their aforesaid declaration of intention from renouncing their purpose to become citizens, and that, on the contrary, such persons under treaties or the law of nations retain a right to renounce that purpose and to forego the privilege of citizenship and residence within the United States under the obligations imposed by the aforesaid act of Congress.

Now, therefore, to avoid all misapprehensions concerning the liability of persons concerned to perform the service required by such enactments, and to give it full effect, I do hereby order and proclaim that no plea of alienage will be received or allowed to exempt from the obligations imposed by the aforesaid act of Congress, any person of foreign birth who shall have declared on oath his intention to become a citizen of the United States under the laws thereof, and who shall be found within the United States at any time during the continuance of the present insurrection and rebellion, at or after the expiration of the period of sixty-five days from the date of this Proclamation, nor shall any such plea of alienage be allowed in favor of any such person who has so as aforesaid declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and shall have exercised at any time the right of sufferage, or any other political franchise within the United under the laws thereof, or under the laws of any of the several States.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my seal, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this eighth day of May, in the year of our Lord 1863, and of the Independence of the United States the Eighty-seventh. ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Sec'y of State.

VALLANDIGHAM ARRESTED.—The bold traitor Vallandigham was arrested by Government officials at his residence in Dayton, Ohio, on Tues. 5th inst. Immediately upon his arrest being made known, a party of five or six hundred Copperheads undertook to rescue him, but without effect. In a spirit of revenge they then set fire to and gutted the office of the *Journal* newspaper in that city.—Troops were immediately sent from Columbus to disperse the rioters which was done in "double quick time."

USING NEGROES AGAINST US.—To show with what effect the negroes are used against us, writes a correspondent, I will state what a person told me who was in the fight at Vicksburg. He said that the outer works were almost wholly manned by negroes; and that they dare not retreat for fear that their masters in their rear would shoot them down—consequently many of them fell into our hands.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The steamer Orion, from Port Royal on the 6th inst., arrived at this port to day. All the iron clads had left there for North Edisto. The new Ironsides remained at anchor off Charleston Bar.

BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, May 13th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

For Supreme Judge,

HON. DANIEL AGNEW,

OF BEAVER COUNTY.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., & 6 State st., Boston, are our Agents for the ARGUS in those cities and are authorized to take Advertisements and subscriptions for us at our *Lowest Rates.*

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the Beaver *Argus*, all those indebted to me for subscription, job work, etc., will please call and settle immediately with J. L. Anderson, who is authorized to receipt in my name.

Feb. 19, '62. T. C. NICHOLSON.

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES.—No announcement of name will, hereafter be made without payment of Two DOLLARS—excepting Coroner, Auditor, &c., which will be ONE DOLLAR

☞ There will be a Farewell Missionary meeting held in the Bridgewater Presbyterian Church, on Thursday evening, the 14th inst., at 7½ o'clock, in behalf of Rev. C. W. Mateer, who is about to leave for China. The public are kindly invited to attend.

☞ Professor Smith, Principal of the Union School of this place, has been elected County Superintendent of Common School of Jefferson county; consequently will not take charge of our school this summer. Our people will regret this very much, as he was an excellent teacher.

☞ The "Irwin Cavalry," commanded by Capt. James Q Anderson, of this place, had several wounded in the late engagement. John Streitt, severely, but not dangerously, wounded in the left leg; Joseph Grove, flesh wound in right side. Eight horses were killed and two or three wounded

☞ We have been handed, by a friend, a letter from his son in the 140th Reg. Pa. Vols., giving a list of the casualties in the companies from this county. The following is the list so far as he knew:

COMPANY F.

Killed—James A. Carson, Joseph Baker. *Wounded*—Madison Moore. *Missing*—Edwin Sloan.

COMPANY I.

Missing—Andrew Watterson, Op. Phillips, Jno. Baldwin.

Pay Your Taxes.

We are requested to state that D. Secker, Esq., U. S. Collector, will be at Beaver on the 18th inst.; at Rochester on the 19th inst.; at Darlington, on the 20th inst., to receive the taxes assessed for February and March, 1863.

Beaver Station,

On the C. & P. R. R., is one of the best points for travel on the whole route; yet the accommodations are, on the whole, altogether unfit for the use of the community. A one-horse shanty, stuck up against the side of the hill, is all that the Directors have hitherto bestowed upon the travelling public. We need, and ought to have, a good Passenger and Freight Depot at this point, and we are satisfied that if the Directors were to consult their own interests in the matter, we should soon have a good Station house in place of the miserable apology that now stands there.

The condition of the road leading to the Station deserves the attention of the Council. This spring it was partially cleared of the stones and boulders, but since the heavy and long continued rains the road has again got into a shocking bad condition.—Will the "City Fathers" please take a walk down to the Station some fine evening and see the situation of affairs? We are satisfied that this would be sufficient. The street leading to the Depot from the Court House is also too much cumbered up with useless matter? Can they not be removed?

A Copperhead in Trouble.

C. L. Vallandigham, the pet of the *Star*, has lately come to grief.—Gen. Burnsides, who commands the Department of the Ohio, "*not* seeing" the patriotism of "Val's" speeches, sent up a squad of soldiers and arrested the gentleman at his home at Dayton, Ohio. He has since been taken to Cincinnati and tried by Military Court Martial; but the sentence has not yet been made public. The secession sympathisers at Dayton got up a mob on a small scale, burnt down the office of the Republican paper, &c. About thirty of them were arrested and quietly lodged in jail, where we hope justice will be speedily meted out to them.

Look out for a wailing howl from the *Star* this week over the arrest of Vallandigham, the nominee for President of the New Sewickly Township National Democratic Convention.—We hope he may be hanged as high as Haman.

"Who is the Liar?"

This question heads an article appearing in the *Star* last week. Our answer is that O. S. Long is the liar! But it is scarcely necessary for us to make the assertion, for his propensity in that direction is known wherever he is known. He published an article a week or two ago denouncing all in the army who passed loyal resolutions as "speculators and thieves." For this declaration we pronounced him a "liar and a traitor." We repeat it. He undertakes to deny that he is a liar. But by his silence admits that he is a traitor. He knows that it would be too barefaced to deny what is so well known to all who read his dirty sheet. However, he is to be excused to some extent for his course for he is so stupid that it is scarcely worth while to hold him accountable for anything he may say or do; besides he is so unprincipled that it is considered disgraceful to have anything whatever to do with him. We have not had time to reply fully to the above named article this week on account of our absence and indisposition. But when convenience suits us we will publish his article entire and prove conclusively from his own language that all we have said is true.

The editor tries to bolster up his slander by pretending to quote from the letter of a soldier. No true soldier ever made use of the language attributed to him by the editor of the *Star*. Let the *Star* give the name of his alleged correspondent or stand denounced as a base libelier.

Aid to Our Soldiers.

MR. EDITOR: The recent battles on the Rappahannock afford renewed occasion for the active benevolence of our citizens in furnishing all the supplies they can command. This county has a deep interest in the success of all such efforts. Many of those who now lie bleeding from their wounds, or sick from exposure and fatigue, are our kindred and friends, whose sufferings appeal to every sentiment of affection as well as of human sympathy. It is therefore to be hoped that a full response will be made to the effort to raise the necessary supplies for their alleviation and their comfort.

The movement auxiliary to the Christian Commission, just initiated here, is not a moment too soon, and I am glad it begins with favorable auspices. On the night of the first meeting at Dr. McLean's church, thirty-two dollars went into the Treasury, twenty-five by collection and seven handed over by the Rev. Mr. Bracken, taken up in his Church on the fast day. The Union School, of Rochester, has, with great liberality paid, through Mr. Piersol, to the Treasurer, twelve [illegible] exhibition—as a contribution to the good cause.

A gentleman having the control of a charitable fund has also given $25, to be expended through the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society of Beaver and vicinity, and has forwarded a similar sum to two or three Societies of the neighboring towns to be expended in like manner, in aid of the good cause, and in conjunction with the Army Committee.

These things are encouraging and lead to a belief that the movement, thus successfully begun, will go forward with a strong impetus. Certainly no cause ever appealed to any people with stronger claims upon individual feeling and public benevolence.

WILLIE GOODWILL.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—The *Age* placed on their bulletin board this afternoon what purported to be a dispatch, and had such head lines as "Illegal Arrests by the Government," "Arbitrary Measures," &c.—This was upon one side of the board and upon the other was something like "Sigel Snubbed." A soldier came along about three o'clock and tore both papers down. This created some excitement and quite a crowd soon gathered in the street. For fifteen or twenty minutes a disturbance was threatened. Such cries as "tear them out," were frequently heard and some demonstrations of carrying out the threat was made. Mayor Henry appeared upon the ground, however, and briefly addressed the assemblage. He said that Philadelphia is a loyal city, and her citizens have certain rights; these must and should be respected.—He then called upon the citizens to disperse, and go quietly to their homes. Three rousing cheers were then given for Gen. Hooker, and were quickly followed by three more for Mayor Henry. The crowd then moved off slowly without further trouble.

☞ "Costar's" Rat Exterminator is the simplest, safest, cheapest and sure remedy; the most perfect Rat-ification meeting we have ever attended. Every rat that can get it, properly prepared according to directions, will eat it, and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where the medicine was taken.—*Lake Shore (Mich.) Mirror.*

See advertisement in this paper.—Sold by Dr. C. P. Cummins & Son, Beaver, Pa.

A NOBLE DEED.—A number of generous hearted gentlemen of Boston, have with noble liberality contributed the sum of eleven thousand dollars for the benefit of the widow and children of the brave General Reno, who fell in the battle of South Mountain. Ten thousand dollars have been invested in securities, and one thousand dollars placed at the immediate disposal of Mrs. Reno. It is pleasing to record so noble tribute to the memory of a gallant officer and true man.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The following has been received at the headquarters of the army:

Grand Gulf May, 3d.—Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck, General-in-chief: We landed at Boulinsburg April 30th, and moved immediately on Port Gibson, met the enemy 11,000 strong, 4 miles from Port Gibson, at 2 o'clock a. m. on the 1st and engaged him all day entirely routing him, with the loss of many killed and about five hundred prisoners, besides wounded. Our loss is about one hundred killed and five hundred wounded. The enemy retreated towards Vicksburg, destroying the bridges over two forks of Bayou Pierre.—These were rebuilt and pursuit continued until the present time. Besides the heavy artillery at this place, four field pieces were captured, and some stores, and the enemy driven to destroy many more. The country is difficult to operate in Our victory has been most complete, and the enemy thoroughly demoralized.

Very respectfully,

U. S. GRANT, Maj. Gen. Com'g.

Grand Gulf, Miss., May 6th, via Cairo.—Major General Halleck, General in Chief.—I learn that Col. Grierson, with cavalry, has been heard of first about ten days ago in Northern Mississippi. He moved thence and struck the railroad thirty miles east of Jackson, at a point called Newton's Station; he then moved southward towards Enterprise, demanded a surrender of the place and gave one hour's grace, during which time Gen. Lormnily arrived, he left at once and moved towards Hazlehurst, on the New Orleans and Jackson Railroad, at which place he tore up the track; thence to Bahalia ten miles further south, on same road; thence eastward on the Natchez Road, where he had a fight with Adams' Cavalry; from this point he moved back on the New Orleans and Jackson Railroad to Brookhaven, ten miles south of Bahalia. When last heard from he was three miles from Summit, ten miles south of the last named point, supposed to be making his way to Baton Rough. He has spread excitement throughout the State, destroyed railroad trestle works and bridges, burning locomotives and railway stock, taking prisoners and destroying stores of all kinds.

U. S. GRANT, Maj Gen.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The *Herald* contains the following:

West Point, Va., May 7, 9 p. m.—West Point is indisputably in our possession. The U. S. steamer Commodore Morris, Capt. J. H. Gillis at the suggestion of Maj. Gen. Keyes, came up to this point yesterday on a reconnoissance. This morning Yorktown was all alive. The *scenes of activity* such as was enacted a year since, appeared again. Several transports, and ever so many soldiers, (we dare not tell how many) cavalry and artillery, were ready for service; additional gunboats appeared and without ten minutes' delay the whole moved up this way, and occupied the Point. Gen. Keyes commanding, made the Morgan his flagship.

An advance was made towards White House by a squadron of the 6th New York Cavalry, led by Maj. Wm. P. Hall, and a squadron from the 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry, led by Capt. Paul.

Gen. Keyes *with a portion of his staff, then reconnoitered the position, and personally superintended the landing and desposition of the troops.*

I have seen much of such matters during the war, but certainly I never saw anything conducted so quickly and efficiently as the occupation of this place.

From accounts we have of the enemy, I think they have but a small force in this vicinity.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 9.—It is reported by a gentleman who had just come through our lines that General Van Dorn was shot and instantly killed by Dr. Peters, of Maury county, yesterday, at the latter's house.

Our informant states that Gen. Van Dorn was discovered in criminal intercourse with the wife of Dr. Peters.

ST. LOUIS, May 11.—The sale or distribution of the *Freemen's Journal* and *Caucasian*, of New York; *Crisis*, Columbus, Ohio; *Democratic* [illegible], Jerseyville; Chicago *Times*, and Dubuque *Herald* have been prohibited in this military district by Gen. Davidson.

Extensive preparations are being made for the celebration of the anniversary of Camp Jackson to-day.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The *Post* learns that Gen. Halleck is to take the field—not to relieve Hooker, but to be better able to influence the general direction of events. Gen. Hooker did not execute his retrograde movement till he planned his present one and become satisfied of its superiority to any effort he could make in the field of Chancellorsville.

MARRIED:—May 6th, 1863, by Rev. D. A. Cunningham, Mr. CHARLES G. MOORE, and Miss ADALINE MOOREHEAD, both of Bridgewater.

On the 7th inst., by the Rev. J. Brown of Freedom, to Mr. SAMUEL H. BAKER, of New Sewickly tp., to Miss CLARINDA MORGAN, of Economy tp., all of Beaver county.

On Friday evening, May 1st, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Geo. Darling, Mr. MILTON A. CLOW, of North Sewickly, Pa., to Miss LAURA A. BROWN, of Hudson, O.

DIED:—On April 30th, 1863, at the residence, in Rochester, after a brief illnes, Mr CHRISTOPHER A. W[illegible]

PROPOSALS

WILL be received up to the Saturday, the 23d day of May, 1863, by the School Directors of Independent School District of Borough Township, for two Principals and one Female Assistant teacher, to take charge of the Public schools in said district.

By order of the Board.

may13 H. RICE, Sec'y.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.		$7 00
do " 100 lbs		3 50
Dried Apples per bushel		1 50
do Peaches	" "	3 50
Wheat	" "	1 40
Corn	" "	90
Rye	" "	1 00
Oats	" "	60
Barley	" "	
Clover Seed,	" "	6 00
Timothy Seed,	" "	2 00
Flax Seed,	" "	3 00
Beans,	" "	2 75
Potatoes,	" "	1 00
Onions,	" "	1 00
Corn Meal,	" "	1 00
Eggs,	" dozen	10
Butter,	" lb	20
Hams,	" "	10
Shoulders,	" "	8
Sides,	" "	9
Tallow,	" "	10
Lard,	" "	12½
Candles,	" "	15
Soap,	" "	8
Molasses,	" Gallon	66
Carbon Oil,	" "	50

Quarterly Statement

OF THE BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY.
New Brighton, May 6, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Bills and Notes discounted, active	$50,164 03
Same under protest	100 00
U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury notes	4,850 09
U. S. 5.20 6 per ct. coupon bonds	22,300 00
Furniture and Office Fixtures	1,958 95
Due from other Banks	16,311 62
Notes and Checks of other Banks	16,426 92
U. S. legal Tender notes	42,620 00
Protest account	1 41
Coin in Vault	6,377 81
Total	$160,511 34

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$82,475 00
Notes in Circulation	1,915 00
Profits and Earnings	425 43
Dividends unpaid	3,769 75
Depositors	71,986 16
Total	$160,511 34

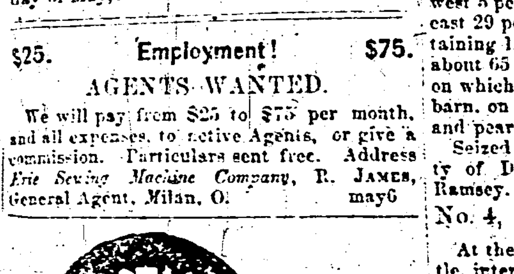
BEAVER COUNTY ss: Before me, a notary public, in and for said County, came Edward Hoops, Cashier of the Bank of Beaver County, who being duly affirmed according to law, deposeth that the above statement is correct and true, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS.

Affirmed and subscribed before me this 6th day of May, 1863. J. CUTHBERTSON, N. P.

$25. Employment! $75.

AGENTS WANTED.

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address *Erie Sewing Machine Company*, R. James, General Agent, Milan, O. may6



For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c. Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Put up in 25c. 5c. and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks. $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all Druggists and Retailers.
!!! Beware!! of all worthless imitations.
See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
Address HENRY R. COSTAR,
Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold by C. P. CUMMINS & SON,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
may13'63. Beaver, Pa.

The Eye.

DR. J. R. SPEER, 156 Penn st., Pittsburg, continues to devote special attention, as he has done for the last twenty-five years, to the diseases, deformities and defects of this important organ.

In reply to frequent inquiries of correspondents it may be stated that, amongst the CURABLE diseases of the eye are Cataract, where the pupil is of a milky color, instead of black, as in the healthy eye; Opthalmia, Pterygium, Opacities and Films from recent inflammation, Nervous Sensibility of the Optic Nerves' Strabismus, or Crooked Eyes, Inversion of the Eyelids, Fistula, Lachrymalis.

Amongst the incurable are Amaurosis, or complete paralysis of the optic nerve, where no light is visible; Opacities and Films from chronic inflammation; all cases in which the ball of the eye is lessened or altered in form by disease of injuries.

Defects of Vision, as along or short sightedness, may generally be relieved or cured by properly adjusted glasses.

REFERENCES.—Dr. S. Cunningham, James Paterson, Esq.

License Notice.

List of Applicants for License at June Term, '63.

INNS AND TAVERNS:

R. L. Baker	Harmony tp.
David Magaw	New Brighton,
William Johnston	Rochester,
Michael Camp	do
George Proudley	Bridgewater,
Andrew J. Cook	Darlington.
Henry Aukeny	Bridgewater,
Henry Bimber	Phillipsburgh,
John Davis	Darlington,
Andrew Swaney	Shippingport,
Andrew Lowry	New Brighton,
David Johnston	Big Beaver,
Francis Leslie	Rochester,

To sell Liquors in quantities not less than 1 quart, in connection with Merchandise, etc.

George C. Speyerer	Rochester.
John S. Dickey	Bridgewater,
Francis Le Goullon	Phillipsburg.
Wm. Breitenstein	Economy tp.

my13 A. G. M'CREARY, Cl'k.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of SARAH RUSSELL, late of Moon township Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBERT DUNCAN, Moon tp.,
may13,'63 Executor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of MARGARET JOHNSTON, late of South Beaver tp., Beaver county, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOS. JOHNSTON, S. Beaver tp.
JOS. MARTIN, " "
may13 Executors.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of Sundry writs of Levari Facias Fiera Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Beaver and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Sheriff's office in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, on

Saturday, May 31st, 1863.

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, of, in and to the following lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Beaver, bounded north by land of Jno. Clark, east by lot of Alfred R. Moore, south by Fourth street, and west by lot of D. M. Donehoo, being 60 feet front on Fourth street, by two hundred and fifty feet back, on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house, with cellar underneath. Also, a frame stable, smoke house and other out-buildings. A number of fruit trees on the lot.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Martin Camp at the suit of James Davidson.

No. 2. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the right, title interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to the following described real estate situate in Hanover township, Beaver county, Pa. bounded on the north by Spencer and Gibb, on the east by Henry Crooks, on the south by Jacob Keiffer, and on the west by Henry and Jacob Keiffer, containing one hundred and ninety-four acres of land, about one hundred and thirty or forty of which are cleared and under fence, on which is erected one log house, weatherboarded, with a kitchen attached.—Also, one large frame barn, with stone basement, wagon house and other outbuildings, and an orchard of fruit trees, and good water on premises.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Samuel Gibb, at the suit of Charles H. Shriner.

No. 3. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to the following farm or tract of land situate in Moon tp., Beaver county, Pa., beginning at a black walnut tree, cornering on Wm. Erwin's lot, thence south 88½ deg. west by heirs of Henry Miller, 175 perches to a white oak, thence north 24 deg. west 14 perches to a post, thence north one deg. east 120 perches by lands sold to George Hicks at a water beach, thence north 22 deg. east 15 perches to a post, thence south 77 deg. east by lands sold to John Godard, 141 perches to a post, thence south 25 deg. east 25 perches to a black oak, thence south 50 deg. west 6 perch. to a black oak, thence sout 25 deg. east 60 perches to an iron wood, thence south 50 deg. west 5 perches to a post, thence south 25 deg. east 29 perches to the place of beginning, containing 129 acres and 90 rods, strict measure, about 65 acres cleared, balance timbered and on which is erected one old log house and log barn, on orchard of bearing apple trees, plum and pear trees on the premises.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of David Brose at the suit of Samuel Ramsey.

No. 4. ALSO.

At the same time and place all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to the following lots of ground situate in Rochester township, Beaver county, Pa. bounded on the north by land of Higby, twenty-eight perches, on the east by lot appropriated to Margaret Mitchell, eight and a half perches, on the south by lot No. 5, deeded to Emily B. Parris, twenty-eight perches, and on the west by street eight and half perches, being Nos. 6 and 7 in Mitchel's plan of lots on which is erected a one story frame dwelling house 24 by 14 feet, in length and breadth. Coal bank on the lot.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Baker at the suit of T. & W. Walton.

No. 5. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to the following farm or tract of land, situate in Greene township, Beaver county, Pa. bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by land of John Christy, and the Ohio River, on the east by land of Dr. M. Lawrence, on the south by land of A. Swaney, and on the west by land formerly owned by Jonathan Allison, containing 128 acres more or less, about 85 acres of which are cleared and under fence; on which is erected a large two story brick house containing six rooms with kitchen back, and cellar underneath, also a frame barn, brick smoke house, corn-crib, and other out buildings, also a frame house, divided in six apartments for miners.—A good orchard of fruit trees on the premises. The above described farm underlaid with coal, one 4 foot vein open.

ALSO, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to the following farm or tract of land, situate in Industry tp., Beaver county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by land of B. F. Snyder and James Neville, on the west by land of Wm. Neville, on the south and east by land of Dr. S. P. Cummins, containing 120 acres, more or less, about 80 acres of which are cleared and under fence; on which is erected a frame and log house, two stories high, with cellar underneath also a tenant house and two stables; orchard of fruit trees on the premises. The above described farm well watered and underlaid with good bituminous coal, one four foot vein open.

ALSO, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to the following messuage or lot of ground situate in the borough of Bridgewater, in the county of Beaver, and state of Pennsylvania, numbered 27 in the plan of lots in said borough, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a corner on Bridge street and Market street; thence by Market street and 133 feet to South alley; thence by the same 50 feet to a corner of lot No. 26, sold to Samuel Porter and owned by David Stewart; thence by the said lot, No. 26, 133 feet to Bridge street; thence by the same 50 feet to the place of beginning; being the same premises which Jacob Wagoner and Christiana, his wife, did convey to the said Charles H. Shriner, his heirs and assigns; on which is erected one frame dwelling house, two stories high, with cellar underneath; one other frame building, two stories high, one frame stable, coal house, smoke house and other out buildings; fruit trees on the lot.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Chas. H. Shriner, at the suit of John Vance for the use of Andrew Swaney.

Purchasers will take notice that 10 per cent. upon all amounts of their bids will be required in hand. All bids under $50 will be required in cash at the time of the sale. If these conditions are not complied with the property will be re-sold.

JOHN ROBERTS, Sh'ff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Beaver, May 12, '63.

Purchasers are required to pay all stamp duties.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JANE MILLER, late of Darlington township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN D. VAUGHEN, Darlington tp.
may6'62 Executor.

Notice to Teachers.

PROPOSALS will be received by the School Directors of the borough of Bridgewater, up to Friday, the 22d day of May, 1863, for one Principal and two Assistant Teachers, to take charge of the Public school in said borough. School to commence first Monday of June, and continue eight months.

By order of the Board.
my6 SAM'L MOORMAN, Sec'y.

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

THE LOYAL VOTERS OF BEAVER COUNTY, without distinction of party, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the NATIONAL AND STATE ADMINISTRATIONS, in their patriotic efforts to suppress a sectional and unholy rebellion against the UNITY OF THE REPUBLIC, and who desires to support, by every power of the government, our heroic brethern in arms, who are braving diseases, and the perils of the field, to preserve the UNION OF OUR FATHERS, are requested to meet at their several places of holding elections, on SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, (in the townships between the hours of 2 and 5, P. M., and in the Boroughs between 7 and 9, P. M.) and choose Delegates to a Convention, to be held at the Court House, in Beaver, on MONDAY JUNE 15th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for County and district offices. The several townships, and boroughs will be entitled to elect delegates according to the following apportionment:

Borough	4	Industry	3
Bridgewater	2	Independence	2
Big Beaver	4	Marion	2
Brighton	3	Moon	3
Chippewa	3	New Brighton	4
Darlington	4	New Sewickly	4
Economy	4	North Sewickly	3
Fallston	3	Ohio	4
Franklin	2	Patterson	2
Freedom boro	2	Phillipsburg	2
Freedom dist	2	Pulaski	2
Greene	4	Rochester boro	4
Frankfort	4	Rochester tp	2
M'Guire	4	Raccoon	4
Hopewell	3	South Beaver	4

By order of County Committee.
D. L. IMBRIE, *Ch'n.*
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, *Sec'y,*

CANDIDATES will bear in mind, that an announcement to insure insertion, must be accompanied with Two DOLLARS.

Announcements.

WE are authorized to announce the names of the following persons as candidates for the different offices named below, subject to the decision of the Union Convention:

Assembly,
WILLIAM HENRY, Fallston.

Sheriff,
JOSEPH LEDLIE, Beaver,
JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver,
DAVID JOHNSTON, Fallston,
JAMES A. ANDERSON, Big Beaver,
A. J. COOK, Darlington,
JOHN S. DARRAGH, Rochester.
ABRAHAM B. WOLF, Farmer, Brighton tp.

Register & Recorder,
ALFRED R. MOORE, Beaver,
DAVID WOODRUFF, Bridgewater.

Treasurer,
JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver,
MOSES B. WELSH, Beaver,
JAMES BRITTAIN, Moon,
CAPT. MILO R. ADAMS, Bridgewater.
WM. C. HUNTER, Brighton tp,
ALBERT G. HENRY, Beaver.
DANIEL HARVEY, Raccoon.

Clerk of Court,
JOHN A. FRAZIER, Darlington,
WILLIAM S. BARCLAY, Beaver,
JAMES HARPER, Borough tp.

Commissioner,
JOHN H. BEIGHLEY Economy tp.
ELI D. EVANS, North Sewickly,
JACKSON SLOAN, Freedom,
JOHN GARRARD, New Sewickly.
N. P. KERR, Freedom boro.

Coroner,
THOS. DEVINEY, New Brighton,
JACOB HOOK, Hopewell,

Poor House Director,
JOHN K. POTTER, Raccoon,
JOHN WHITE, Hopewell,
ROBERT COOPER, Moon,

Auditor,
JOSEPH M'CLURE, Bridgewater,
HUGH J. MARSHALL, Big Beaver.

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

THE following appraisements, under the Act of Assembly of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of of the Orphans Court of Beaver county, and approved nisi, to wit:

Personal property to amount of $269,76, elected to be retained by the widow of George W. Alexander, dec'd. Margaret Alexander, Adm'x.

Personal property to amonnt of $84,98, elected to be retained by the widow of Wm. Ramsey, dec'd. Susan Ramsey, Adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $275,76, elected to be retained by widow of William Foster, sr., dec'd. B. R. Bradford and Wm. S. Foster, Adm'rs.

Personal property to amount of $300, elected to be retained by widow of Geo. Remler, dec'd. Margaret Remler, Adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $300, elected to be retained by widow of Milo Cain, dec'd. James White, Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $300, elected to be retained by widow of Albert Feezel, dec'd. Jos. F. Feezel, Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $86,62, elected to be retained by widow of John Craig, dec'd. John Craig, jr., Ex'r.

Personal property to am't of $240,40, elected to be retained by the widow of Marion Erwin, dec'd. John R. M'Donald, Adm'r.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the above several Appraisements, to appear at the June Term next, of said Court, and not later than the third day thereof, being the 3d day of June, to shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be confirmed absolute. A. G. M'CREARY,
may6,'63 *Clerk.*

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

In the Orphans' Court of said county. Account of Joseph H. Cunningham, Adm'r of the estate of Wm. Morton, dec'd.; confirmed at June Term, 1859.

March 24, 1863, on motion the Court appoint Henry Hice, Esq., an Auditor, to distribute the amount in the hands of the Adm'r, as shown by said account, amongst creditors, &c. (From the Record.)

A. G. M'CREARY, *Clerk.*

Notice is hereby given that the Auditor, appointed as above, will meet all parties interested, for the purposes of his appointment, at the office of Roberts & Hice, in the borough of Beaver, on Monday the 25th day of May, 1863, at 3 o'clock, P. M., when and where they may present their claims and be heard.

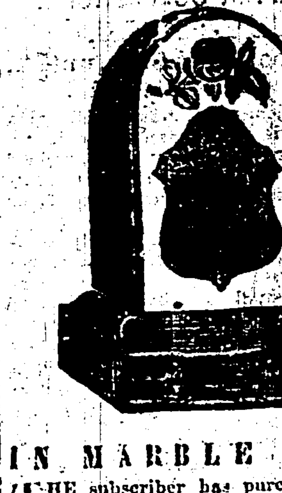
may6 HENRY HICE, Auditor.

Dividend No. 10.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, May 6, 1863.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, for the past 6 months, has been declared this day, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, ON DEMAND. This dividend will be free of the United States Tax, the Bank having assumed the payment of the same to the Government. EDWARD HOOPS,
my13'63 Cashier.

A NEW FEATURE



IN MARBLE WORK.

THE subscriber has purchased from the Patentee the right to use, in this county, a new and beautiful invention for protecting LIKENESSES IN TOMB STONES, and is now prepared to furnish

Monuments or Head-Stones,

with this useful improvement at exceedingly low prices.

THE SHIELD

serves to screen and protect the picture of the deceased, and becomes a neat and appropriate ornament to the stone. Pictures are put in AIR-TIGHT CASES, and are made to preserve their original beauty and expression for many years.

All kinds of marble work, military designs, etc, executed on short notice.

W. H. MARSHALL,
may6 Rochester Marble Works.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

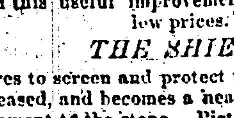
In the Orphans' Court in and for said county. In the matter of the supplemental account of Isaac Campbell, Executor and Trustee, under the will, of Joseph Alcorn, dec'd.

And now, to wit; March 7th, 1863, on motion, the Court appoint Henry Hice, Esq., an Auditor, to distribute the balance in the hands of Executor. (From the Record.)

A. G. M'CREARY, *Clerk.*

All parties interested will take notice that the Auditor will meet them for the purposes of the above appointment, at the office of Roberts & Hice, in the borough of Beaver, on Monday the 25th day of May, 1863, at 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day. HENRY HICE,
may6 Auditor.

Time Table:



CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing, Monday, Apr. 20, 1863.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:25 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:10 A. M.
1:55 P. M.	" "	3:20 P. M.
6:56 P. M.	" "	8:05 P. M.

GOING WEST—
Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:00 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:40 A. M.
12:40 P. M.	" Rochester,	2:00 P. M.
3:50 P. M.	" "	5:25 P. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*
F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	5:10 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	6:45 P. M.	8:25 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	8:05 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Mail.	5:25 P. M.	3:05 P. M.
1st Express,	1:20 A. M.	2:25 A. M.
2d Express,	2.00 P. M.	3:05 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Crostline Accom.	9:00 A. M.	10:26 A. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	12:50 A. M.	1:32 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	4:35 P. M.	6:14 P. M.
3d "	6:00 P. M.	8:00 P. M.
Mail.	7:00 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	12:40 P. M.	1:50 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt. E. D.

Register's Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian Accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's office, of Beaver county, Pa. will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, 1863, for confirmation and allowance:

The first and final account of Jos. C. Wilson, Administrator of the estate of Narcissa Judy, dec'd.

The account of Samuel G. Caughey, Executor of the last will of Robert Stevenson, dec'd.

The final account of John Rayl, Administrator of the estate or Dr. William S. Cochran, dec'd.

The first and final account of Joseph Connell, Administrator of the estate of Jennet Connell, dec'd.

The first and final account (personal) of Chas. and Jno. McHenry, Administrators of the estate of John McHenry, dec'd.

The first and final account of John H. Whisler, Executor of the last will of Mary Black, dec'd.

The final account of John Craig, Executor of the last will of James Craig, dec'd.

The final account of Benj. K. Piersol, Adm'r of the estate of Rachel Piersol, dec'd.

The account of J. Stewart Elder, Administrator of the estate of William Elder, dec'd., who was Administrator of the estate of Clarinda Warren, dec'd.

The final real estate account of John H. Whisler, Adm'r of the estate of Martin W. Small, dec'd.

The First and final account of (Real estate) of Andrew Watterson, Executor of the last will of William Scott, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of John Slentz, Administrators of the estate of Samuel Smith, dec'd., who was Guardian of James Paxton, Elizabeth and Margaret Scroggs, minor children of Dr. James P. Scroggs, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of John Slentz, Administrator of the estate of Andrew Glass, dec'd., who was Guardian of Cyrus, Silas, Alvin, and Sylvanus Caughey, minor children of Silas Caughey, dec'd.

The Guardian account of David Ferguson Guardian of Ann Eliza Brooks minor daughter of Matthew Brooks, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Adam Henderson, Guardian of Caroline, Uriah and Seth Coulson, minor children of Uriah Coulson, dec'd.

Guardian accounts of J. T. Stockdale Guardian of Elizabeth and Sarah Ann Calhoun, minor children of James H. Calhoun, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Joseph Mitchell, guardian of Esther and Elizabeth, minor children of Esther M'Creery, dec'd.

The Guardian account of George Rauscher and Edwin Reeder, Exr's of the last will of John Snyder, dec'd., who was Guardian of Anthony Setter, jr., minor son of Anthony Setter, sr., dec'd.

A. R. MOORE, Register.
apr29. (New Brighton *Times* copy.)

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

THERE will be a contract to let for the building of a new Brick School House, in Brighton township, (District No. 1) on *Saturday, May 2d, at 1 o'clock, p. m.*

Plan and specifications can be seen at Andrew Carothers', in said township.

By order of the Board:
apr22'63 WM. F. LAFFERTY, *Sec'y.*

BEAVER DRUG STORE Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET.
SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE & FOOLS-CAP PAPER.

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

BEAVER COUNTY ss:

IN the Orphans' Court, in and for Beaver county, before the Honorable Judges thereof. In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, late of the township of Ohio, Beaver co., dec'd.

Now, to wit: April 16, 1863, Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd., viz: Susan, (widow) Jesse Smith, Jos. Smith, Samuel Smith, Susan, intermarried with John Beaver, Hamilton Smith, Rachael Smith and Thomas Smith;—Joseph is dec'd., as is also his widow, but leaving four children, viz:—Isaac, Sarah, intermarried with John M. Day, Isabella and Susan, whose interest in said real estate is now vested in Jesse Smith and Samuel Smith;—said Hamilton is dec'd, as also his widow, leaving one child, Isadore, whose interest in the said real estate is vested in the said Jesse and Samuel Smith; John Beaver, husband of said Susan is dec'd, and the said Susan has since sold all her interest in said real estate to said Jesse and Samuel Smith; Rachael Smith, is now dec'd, leaving no issue; said Thomas Smith still living, but whose interest in said real estate is now vested in said Jesse and Samuel Smith; said Samuel Smith, now dec'd, but leaving a widow, Margaret, surviving, and four children, viz: John E., Susan, intermarried with Isaac Jennison, of Wayne county, O.; Mary Anne, intermarried with James Dawson, and Louisa aged 18 years, whose guardian is Daniel Dawson; said John B. Smith being now in the service of the United States in the army of the west; and all others interested, to shew cause, if any they have, why an Inquest, to make partition of the real estate of said dec'd, should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver aforesaid, on the first Monday (being the 1st day) of June next.

Publication, according to Rule, ordered as to the heirs residing out of the county.

(A true copy of Rule;) Attest:
apr.16'63 A. G. M'CREARY, Cl'k.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, I will expose to public vendue or out-cry, at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Penn'a, on

Friday, 29th day of May 1863,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the one undivided seventh part of the following described real estate, late the estate of Samuel Woods, dec'd., situate in Moon tp., Beaver county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Bounded by land of the heirs of Henry Miller, dec'd, on the east, by land of John McKee, the heirs of William Irwin, dec'd, and Ovid Pinney on the north, by land of the heirs of Alexander McCullough, dec'd, on the west, and by land of the heirs of John M'Kee on the hill, on the south, containing two hundred and ninety acres and sixty-three perches, or thereabouts, on which are erected one double log-cabin, one single log-cabin and one log stable; about one hundred acres cleared and under fence, the balance in timber. The tract is well watered, and has a small orchard of good fruit trees.

TERMS—One-half of the purchase money to be paid in hand upon the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the remaining one half thereof to be paid in one year thereafter, with interest thereon from said confirmation, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

ap29 THOS. CUNNINGHAM, Adm'r.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY

Robert M'Creery vs. John M'Farland. } No. 106, Sept. T. 1860. Foreign Attachment.—Judgment by default.—Aff. of claim for $466 63 filed.

April 14, 1863, Rule for the Prothonotary to assess the damages and liquidate the am't of the Judgment in this case on the 4th day of June, A.D. 1863.

ap29 Attest. M. WEYAND, Pro.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY, NO. 110, JUNE T. '62.

In the matter of the management of the trust estate and funds in the hands of James D. M'Creary, Trustee of Hannah Bush.

Notice is hereby given that the account of said Trustee has been filed in this office, and that the same will be allowed by the Court on the first day of next term, unless cause then be shown against its confirmation.

apr.29'63 M. WEYAND, Pro.

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of THOMPSON HULL, late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARVIN HULL, Economy tp.,
apr29 '63. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of JONATHAN KINSEY, late of Georgetown Boro., Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

ANN MARIAH KINSEY, Adm'x.,
apr29 JOHN D. MACKALL, Adm'r,

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of ALFRED C. HILL, late of Economy tp, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ENOS HILL, Economy tp.,
apr29,'63. Administrator.

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled account with me, or Smith & Collins, within the last twenty years, for Carding, Spinning, &c. will please call at the Fallston Woolen Factory, before the first of October, 1862, and settle the same by cash or note.

jy16,'62. EPH'M. SMITH

Kerr's Hotel,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a,
S. KERR, Proprietor.

STATE AND COUNTY TAX.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County and State Taxes for 1863, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Georgetown,	May	26,	Hamilton's hotel
Glasgow & Ohio,	do	27,	Smith's hotel.
Industry,	do	28,	Eakin's hotel.
Phillipsburgh,	do	29,	Bimber's hotel.
Freedom,	do	30,	M'Caskey's store.
Harmony,	June	8,	Store.
Rochester tp.,	do	9,	Wm. Johnson's hotel
do boro.,	do	10,	do do
Bridgewater,	do	11,	H. Aukeny's hotel.
Patterson,	do	12,	Robertson's store.
Brighton tp.,	do	13,	R. Eakins'.
North Sewickly,	do	16,	N. Hazen's.
Franklin,	do	17,	Autenreith's store.
Marion,	do	18,	G. Hartzell.
Pulaski,	do	19,	R. Wallace.
New Brighton,	do	20,	Huron House.
New Sewickly,	do	22,	George Rauscher's.
Economy,	do	23,	George Minis's.
Chippewa,	do	24,	Mrs. Cunningham's.
Big Beaver,	do	25,	Graebing hotel.
Ohio,	do	26,	Ifringer's.
Ohio & S. Beaver,	do	27,	Kerr's store.
South Beaver,	do	29,	Jos. Lawrence's
Fallston,	do	30,	Toll house.
Darlington boro,	July	2,	A. J. Cook's.
do tp.,	do	3,	J. P. Dilworth's.
Raccoon,	do	6,	D. Ewing's.
Independence,	do	7,	J. Holmes's.
do & Hopewell	do	8,	Reed & Kerr's store.
Hopewell,	do	9,	Robt. Scott's.
Moon,	do	10,	Wm. Elliott's.
Hookstown,	do	13,	E. Swearingen's hotel
do & Greene tp	do	14,	do do
Hanover & Greene,	do	15,	George Miller's.
Frankfort,	do	16,	H. M'Cutcheon's.
Hanover,	do	17,	Short's store.
Borough & Tp.,	do	18,	Treasurer's Office.

Payment can be made in any adjoining District. Tax-Payers are expected to procure Bankable funds.

G. C. BRADSHAW,
apr.22,'63. Treasurer.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly,* by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
20 Cedar St., New York.

List of Causes for June Term, '63.

Thomas White	vs	Phillip Morgan.
Hiram Meanor, et al	"	Hugh Anderson.
same	"	same.
Wm. M Kinley	"	And w J. Welsh, et al.
Bank Lawrence co.	"	Selah Chamberlain.
same	"	same.
same	"	J. & S. Chamberlain.
Lukens & Beeson	"	Darlington M.E. Church
George Keely	"	Thomas Dickson.
N. W. Cunningham	"	Hugh Bennett, Adm'r
James Collins & co.	"	Wm. M. Shinn. et al.
L. Walker's Adm'r	"	Burgess and Town Council of Fallston.
George Wilson, jr.	"	Matthew Elder.
Saml. R. McGowan	"	James Fleming, et al.
William Hays	"	C. W. Sill
Wm. F. Lafferty	"	James Moore.

Apr. 27, '63. M. WEYAND, Pro.

For Sale at the Beaver Drug Store,

MARTIN'S COAL OIL BURNERS—THE 'LITTLE MONITOR'—to burn oil without chimneys, a splendid affair. Also Carbon Oil Lanterns, without chimneys.

For sale at Drug Store of C. P. Cummins—Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Teas, all good; Coffee, Ext. Coffee Dandelion Coffee, Gold pens, Spectacles, Golden Syrup for table use, a prime thing; a cheaper article of Syrup, very good; vinegar, hominy, hand scrubing brushes and salt.

Zant currants and Raisons for sale at C P Cummins' Drug Store.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

mar26:1y.

STRAY COW.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in New Sewickley tp., Beaver co., Pa., on the 6th of October, 1862, a red cow, with a white face, about 6 years old: she had a bell on, and two or three slits in the ear; no other marks visible. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

oc22:3t. A. P. SMITH.

Lost Dog.

LOST in Rochester, on the 21st of October, a Black Shepherd Dog, with white ring around his neck, and white tip on the end of his tail; answers to the name of "Ring." Any person finding said dog will be suitably rewarded by leaving him at Johnston's Hotel, near Rochester Depot, or at the residence of the subscriber in New Sewickly tp.

nov12 JOHN GARRARD.

Notice.

MY wife, SUSAN WILKINSON, having left my bed and board, all persons are hereby notified not to trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

BENONI WILKINSON,
Big Beaver tp.,
mar,8,'63 Lawrence co., Pa.

Wanted Immediately,

FOX, MINK, RACCOON, SKUNK, and MUSKRAT SKINS; for which the highest prices, in Cash, will be paid at the Cheap Clothing Store of I. N. ATKINS, Beaver—sign of the Big Hat. dec17

Stray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Chippewa tp., about the 1st of July, a White Heifer, 2 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

Aug.21—2m. THOS. M'KINLEY.

Beaver County, ss:

IN the Orphans' Court in and for said County, before the Hon. Judges of said Court. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of George A. Hunter, dec'd.

And now, to wit: March 7, 1863, the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, viz: Isaac Shane and Frances his wife; Robert Hunter; Mary, a sister of intestate, intermarried, with Enoch Potter, residing in the county of Louisa, state of Iowa; Louisa, a sister, intermarried with Thomas Scroggs, (now a widow) residing in the county of Louisa aforesaid; Minerva, a sister of intestate, intermarried with Jonah Hasson, of Columbiana county, O.; Jane, a sister of intestate, intermarried, with Milo Bradshaw, of Beaver county, and all others interested to shew cause, if any they have, why an Inquest to make partition of the real estate of said deceased should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., on the first Monday of June next. (A true copy of Rule.)

ap22 Attest: A. G. M'CREARY, Cl'k.

Beaver County, ss:

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY:

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of John A. M'Gill to William A. Laird.

And now, to wit, April 15th, 1863, the Court appoint James S. Rutan, Esq., an Auditor to make distribution, and marshall the balance in the hands of the Assignee, among the creditors, and make report at next term. (A true extract from the Record.)

Attest: M. WEYAND, Pro.

The Auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment at the Clerk's office, in Beaver, on THURSDAY, May 14th, 1863, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at which time parties interested will attend. (ap22) J. S. RUTAN, Aud'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of MARY SHAFER, late of Moon Township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

SAM'L SHAFER, Hopewell tp.
apr8'63. Administrator

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of DAVID SCOTT, late of Brighton tp., township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW WATTERSON,
Brighton tp.,
April 15,'63. Administrator.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of REBECCA HULL, dec'd., late of Economy tp., Beaver county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

MARVIN HULL, Economy tp.,
ap22 Executor.

To the School Directors of Beaver County.

GENTLEMEN: In pursuance of the 43rd section of the Act of 8th May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention, at the Court House, in Beaver on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1863, being the 4th day of the month, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and select, viva voce, by a majority of the whole number of Directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as County Superintendent, for the three succeeding years; determine the amount of compensation for the same; and certify the result to the State Superintendent, at Harrisburg, as required by the 39th and 40th sections of said act.

T. C. CALDWELL,
Co. Supt. of Beaver Co.
Frankfort Springs, Apr. 8, '63.

For Rent.

THE large two story Brick House, with kitchen—in all sixteen rooms—suitable for a Boarding House, with garden and about two acres of yards of fruit and shrubbery, good barn, and all necessary out-buildings, known as Stone's residence, at Beaver Point. Also, a private residence, two story, brick, with ten acres of land attached to it, with good well, cistern, good barn, and all other necessary out-buildings, situate on the brow of the hill above Beaver Point, now occupied by John S. Lehmer, Esq.

Apply to CHARLES STONE, at the Beaver Point House, or at this office.

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of M'CONNELL & DARRAGHS, Fallston, engaged in the Foundry and Machine Business, was duly dissolved on the 2d day of June, 1862. The books of the late firm will be settled by M. Darragh & Co., at their office in Fallston, Beaver county, Pa., where they will continue said business in all its branches. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately. DAVID M'CONNELL.

MATTISON DARRAGH,
Fallston, je10,'62. S. H. DARRAGH.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having business with the subscriber, will please call with Mr. Robert Tallon, who is duly authorized to attend to all business during my absence. Also all persons having unsettled accounts will call and make settlement as soon as possible. As it has become my duty to leave home for the purpose of serving my country, I hope my customers will still give their patronage as usual, as they will find Mr. Tallon at the shoe shop and my son, James, at the tan-yard.

sep3, 1862. JOHN D. STOKES.

A Rare chance for a Good Investment,

FOR SALE

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A COUNTRY STORE, in a good Location, with a large run of custom; situate within 13 miles of Pittsburg. Just in time for Fall and Winter Trade Stock low at present, no unsalable Goods. Terms easy. For a man of limited capital, no better chance could be offered.—Store and dwelling house for sale or rent—Address "R. L." Allegheny City, Pa., giving real name, and stating where an interview can be held. Oct.15.

NOTICE TO SOLDIERS!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED AN Office in WASHINGTON, D.C. for the Collection of

Pensions, Back Pay and Bounty,

due Soldiers, and will promptly attend to all business entrusted to him, and will furnish information relative to such claims, upon enclosure of necessary postage stamps.

SAMUEL A. POWER.
(Kirkwood House,)
feb11'63 WASHINGTON, D. C.

(New Castle Courant, Butler American, and Beaver Star copy and send bill to this office.)

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D. ... J. M. CUMMINS, M. D.

C. P. Cummins & Son,

OFFER their professional services, as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionally engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.

Dec3'62

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL and Blood Renovator, the genuine article, for sale at the Drug Store of

oc22 DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. . . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"Vanity Fair is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of Vanity Fair, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "Vanity Fair," Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

Comic Journal of America.

VANITY FAIR

Issued regularly every Thursday.

Is for Sale by all Newsmen, and at the Office of Publication, No 113 Nassau-street, New York.

TERMS:

Three dollars per annum, in advance—Six cents single copy.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

Two copies of Vanity Fair will be sent to one address for....$5 00
Five copies....12 00
Ten copies....20 00

An Extra copy will be allowed to the getter-up of every Club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st, New-York.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT.
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
140 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct Bonds.

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum, will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the *Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.*

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c....$38 00
Tuition varies from $3,50 to $8,00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

mar4'63   R. T. TAYLOR.

$30. Employment. $100

COMMERCIAL AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL GOODS FOR THE
ADAMS
(A NEW ENGLAND)
Manufacturing Company.

WE WILL GIVE A COMMISSION OF one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages of from $30 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address with stamp,

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen. Ag't,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co., Detroit, Michigan.   July 2, 1862.

NOTICE.

AARON MOORE, of this Borough is the only Licensed Auctioneer in this county. He is, at any time, ready to perform the duties of his office when notified. Any other who attempts to sell at Auction, except at Administrator's sale, does it in violation of law. The penalty is not less than $100.

Beaver, Dec. 10, '62.

$50 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the arrest and conviction of any person found trespassing or doing malicious mischief on my property, adjoining the farm of Abram Wolf and lot of John Fisher, near the boro. of Beaver.   DAVID STONER.

Jan. 28,'63.

Stray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Chippewa tp., about the 1st of July, a White Heifer, 2 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

Aug.21—2m.   THOS. M'KINLEY.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS,
BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER,
(Shop one door east of Proudley's Hotel,
BRIDGEWATER PENN'A.

BEAVER FEMALE SEMINARY.

Board of Directors—Rev D. H. A. M'Lean, D.D.
Rev. D. A. Cunningham.
Rev. C. P. Cummins, M. D.

THIS Seminary, having been bought by S. B. Mercer, is being thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished, and will be opened for the reception of Pupils, on

Monday, the 20th of April, '63.

A full corps of Teachers is being selected, who will be present at the opening of the term.

Rates, per Term of Fourteen weeks:

Board and room, furnished....$38 00
To those furnishing a pair of sheets, pillow-slips, a blanket, and their own towels....$36 00
Light and Fuel extra. Washing 30 cents per dozen.
Tuition....from $4 00, to $7 00
Latin, French and Germen, each....$5 00

Music and all branches of Drawing and Painting will be taught at the usual prices.

☞ For further information address any one of the Directors, or

S. B. MERCER,
feb25.   Superintendent.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,
54 Wood St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE
SPRING OF 1863,
At the Lowest Market Price.

mar. 25,'63

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION OF THE MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.,

12MO., muslin, price 50 cents: paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Pleas address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
148 South Fourth street, Phil'a, Pa.

mar26.

JESSE JOHNSON,

General Commission Merchant
AND
Dealer in Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Country Produce, Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Office and Warehouse, No. 237 South 2d stree
Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments
aug 28.

H. B. ANDERSON,

DEALER IN
DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

THE LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Styles of DRESS GOODS kept constantly on hands and for sale, for

CASH OR PRODUCE.

Beaver, January 14th, 1863.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope; Price 6 cts:

A LECTURE BY Dr. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.,

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box, 4586.

KOLLOCK'S DandelionCoffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
nd sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

mar26

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

School Books and Stationery at Whole sale.

The subscriber has always on hand Osgood's & M Guffey's Speller & Readers, Ray's, Arithmetics, Stoddard's Arithmetic, Pinneo's Grammars, Bibles, &c., Testaments, Letter Cap and Commercial Note papers, Envelopes, Blank Books, Pass Books, Steel Pens and Holders, Copy Books, Slates, Ink, Ink stands, Bonnet Boards, &c., &c.

Usual discount for cash. Goods packed and delivered to any part of the city.   ROBT. S. DAVIS,
feb:18   73 Wood st., Pittsburgh

ELECTION.

THE Stockholders of "the Company for erecting a Bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wolf Lane, in the county of Beaver," are hereby notified that an election for one President, six Managers, and a Treasurer, will be held in the Toll House of said company, on the last Monday (the 27th day) of April next, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

mar17,'63   JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGES can b negotiated at the PITTSBURG DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, No. 67 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburg, on favorable terms.

an21:3m   C. A. COLTON, Tre asury.

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information. Address   GEO. EDW'D SEARS,
t4:13   181 William St., N. Y.

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,
DEVOTED TO
CHOICE LITERATURE,
INCLUDING
Poetry, Novelettes, Tales,
AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture,

EMBRACING

Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8,00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15,00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accomplished with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.
Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed: and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62.   Beaver Co. Pa.

New Goods!!

B. S. RANGER,
Bridgewater, Pa.,

HAS just received a large assortment of SPRING GOODS, which will be offered at *PANIC PRICES.*

Amongst his stock can, at all times, be found a variety of

DRESS GOODS, MUSLINS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c., &c.,
IRON & STEEL, all varieties.
NAILS by the pound or keg.
WHITE LEAD and VARNISH.
LARD, SPERM, LINSEED & CARBON OILS
WINDOW GLASS, all sizes,
QUEENSWARE, LOOKING-GLASSES, &c.,

All of which will be sold low for Cash, or Country Produce.

Bridgewater, May 7, 1862.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PRO'R
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time a diploma, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ Crittenden's Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7.   Principal.

Knox Fruit Farm & Nurseries.

For many years we have made the cultivation of SMALL FRUITS a specialty, and taking into account variety, quantity and quality, our Stock of Vines and Plants of

GRAPES,   BLACKBERRIES,
STAWRERRIES,   GOOSEBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,   CURRANTS, &c. &c.

is unequaled anywhere, which we offer on the most favorable terms. Parties wishing to purchase would do well to correspond with us, or send for our PRICE LIST, which will be sent to all applicants free of charge.

Our Seed Store and Horticulture House
IS AT
No. 29 Fifth Street,

where all articles belonging to such an establishment can be had of the best quality.

J. KNOX.
Box 155, Pittsburg, Pa.

Wm. Miller, Phil....C. W Ricketson, Pittsb'g

MILLER & RICKETSON, WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND IMPORTERS OF
Brandies, Wines and Segars,
Nos. 223, Cor. of Liberty & Irwin sts.
PITTSBURG, PA.

Iron, Nails, ton Yarn, &c., &c., constantly on hand.   [aug6

"The Union,"

Arch Street above Third,
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Upton S. Newcomer, Prop'r.

THIS Hotel is central. Convenient by Passenger Railway Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the Travelling Public

TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.

NEW MILLINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT,

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,
(Four Doors below Dr. Sargent's Drug Store.
may7,'62—1y.   MRS & MISS RENO.

PITTSBURG WATER CURE.

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all forms of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

☞ For Pictorial Circular address
Dr. W. N. HAMBLETON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

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SOLD BY
A. M. M'GREGOR,
CORNER PENN & ST. CLAIR STS.,
PITTSBURG, PENN'A.,
NEEDS ONLY TO BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.   [ap22—6m.

Notice

IS hereby given that I have been appointed as Surgeon by the Pension Department, to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service; that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.

GEORGE McCOOK, M. D.,
Oct.15—4t.   Examining Surgeon.

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mar26:1y.

JAMES S. RUTAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

(*DISTRICT ATTORNEY.*)
BEAVER, PENN'A.

☞ Office in the Court House.

ALL claims against the Government for back pay, bounty and pensions, prosecuted to collection with the least possible delay.   dec3'62

MILO A. TOWNSEND

DEALER, IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY
Wall Paper,
TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES
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BEAVER, PA.
may 21.

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO

MANUFACTUTERS OF
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ROCHESTER.
BEAVER COUNTY, PA. [ap2

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BOARDING BY THE MEAL, DAY, OR WEEK.
Terms Very Moderate.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

600 000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS

TO SELL

Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick,

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, add will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. Lloyd, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Rhorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL. is the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"Lloyd's map of Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Bowen, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE TRUSTEES OF BEAVER ACADEMY desiring to transfer the Male Department of that Institution to another and a less extensive building, offer for sale the property now known as the BEAVER ACADEMY, situate on the corner of third street and the Public Square, in the borough of Beaver.—The lot is of good size. The improvements are a large three story Brick building, with frame attached, and was originally built for a Hotel. It contains upwards of 30 rooms; cellar underneath the whole building. This property, from its location and the character and arrangement of the buildings, is well calculated for a good hotel, and will be sold at a reasonable price and on reasonable terms.

☞ For further information and terms, apply to Rev. D. A. Cunningham, Bridgewater, the undersigned, or any member of the Board of Trustees.   By order of the Board.

Beaver, Feb24,'62,   H. HICE, Sec'y.

Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
Beaver, Pa.

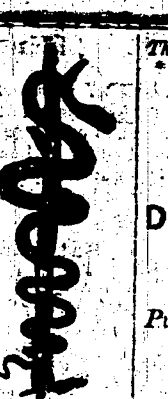
HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner.   [may62

JOHN B. YOUNG, Att'y at Law,

(BEAVER, PA.)

☞ Office in the Court House
Jan. 20, 1862.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,



FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

Brimfield, Mass., 20th Dec., 1856.

Dr. J. C. Ayer: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the concomitant symptoms of a Cold, is your Cherry Pectoral. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints. EBEN KNIGHT, M. D.

A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of Utica, N. Y., writes: "I have used your Pectoral myself and in my family ever since you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for its purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.

Springfield, Miss., Feb. 7, 1856.

Brother Ayer: I will cheerfully certify your Pectoral is the best remedy we possess for the cure of whooping cough, croup, and the chest diseases of children. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate your skill, and commend your medicine to our people.

HIRAM CONKLIN, M. D.

AMOS LEE, Esq., Monterey, Ia., writes, 3d Jan., 1856: "I had a tedious Influenza, which confined me in doors six weeks; took many medicines without relief; finally tried your Pectoral by the advice of our clergyman. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one half the bottle made me completely well. Your medicines are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and your remedies, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Phthisic, and Bronchitis.

West Manchester, Pa., Feb. 4, 1856.

Sir: Your Cherry Pectoral is performing marvellous cures in this section. It has relieved several from alarming symptoms of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs for the last forty years.   HENRY L. PARKS, Merchant.

A. A. RAMSEY, M. D., Albion, Monroe Co., Iowa, writes, Sept. 6, 1855: "During my practice of many years I have found nothing equal to your Cherry Pectoral for giving ease and relief to consumptive patients, or curing such as are curable."

We might add volumes of evidence, but the most convincing proof of the virtues of this remedy is found in its effects upon trial.

Consumption.

Probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this. Some no human aid can reach; but even to those the Cherry Pectoral affords relief and comfort.

Astor House, New York City, March 5, 1856.

Doctor Ayer, Lowell: I feel it a duty and a pleasure to inform you what your Cherry Pectoral has done for my wife. She had been five months laboring under the dangerous symptoms of Consumption, from which no aid we could procure gave her much relief. She was steadily failing, until Dr. Strong, of this city, where we have come for advice, recommended a trial of your medicine. We bless his kindness, as we do your skill; for she has recovered from that day. She is not yet as strong as she used to be, but is free from her cough, and calls herself well.

Yours with gratitude and regard,
ORLANDO SHELBY, of Shelbyville.

Consumptives, do not despair till you have tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It is made by one of the best medical chemists in the world, and its cures all around us bespeak the high merits of its virtues.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

THE sciences of Chemistry and Medicine have been taxed their utmost to produce this best, most perfect purgative which is known to man. Innumerable proofs are shown that these Pills have virtues which surpass in excellence the ordinary medicines, and that they win unprecedentedly upon the esteem of all men. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of my remedies, while others have sent me the assurance of their conviction that my Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of my afflicted, suffering fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing directions for their use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—

Costiveness, Billous Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from a foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the Bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Ulcerous and Cutaneous Diseases which require an evacuant medicine, Scrofula or King's Evil. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with some other pill they make more profit on. Ask for Ayer's Pills, and take nothing else. No other they can give you compares with this in its intrinsic value or curative powers. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.
Price 25 Cts. per Box. Five Boxes for $1.
SOLD BY

☞ For sale by D. Minis, jr., Beaver; B Cross, Rochester; Waggoner & Lowry, Freedom; J. Nichols, Baden; J. Sargent, New Brighton, John Black, Darlington, Duncan & Edgar, Fallston, and by dealers every where.   Feb 12 '62.

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature, treatment and radical cure of spermaterrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. Wm. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious Quacks—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

Dr. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases, described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ Office hours from 9 to 3, daily.   [mar26

MME. DEMOREST'S Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,

THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS

FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,

COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful

BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS,

Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for

Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,

And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the am't in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.
☞ Summer No. now ready.

The Bugle Calls! The War has Begun! War of Extermination against Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR
PRESERVING THE TEETH
Purifying the Breath and Mouth
AND
Curing Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POODER, one box.
Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, 77 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX $5.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use is on each article.*

The following articles we can send separately, by mail; viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, post-paid, on receipt of Twelve Cents, or four stamps.

The *Neuralgia Plaster*, for Neuralgia in the Face, Nervous Headache, and Earache, sent post paid, on receipt of *Eighteen Cents*, or six stamps.

The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* (large size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,
WM. B. HURD, CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores. If they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, One Dollar, which contains them.

NOW.

ARE DR. HURD'S PREPARATIONS GOOD

The best evidences that they are is, that their firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd* is an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dental Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says: "We are happy to know that our friend, Dr. Hurd, is succeeding beyond all expectations with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success is with the fact *that his articles are precisely what they are represented to be, as we can testify from their long use.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: "I found your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. *We find it the best powder for the teeth we have ever used.* I shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with bill."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Pooder contains no acids, nor alkali, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S REMEDIES EFFECT?

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. Try them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons can testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the the best preparations in the world for curing *bad breath* and giving firmness and health to the gums. Hundreds of cases of *Diseased Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth, Canker*, etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's astringent wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to courtship, and make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They should be used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

which are liable to impart a taint to the mouth.

Dr. Hurd's Toothache Drops cure Toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have in the house to save their children from torture and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathetic suffering.

Farmers and mechanics! you cannot well afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifling sum you can now get preservatives, than which Rothschild or Astor can get nothing better. Remember that *Dyspepsia and Consumption of the Lungs* often originate in neglect of Teeth. Send for the *Treatise on Teeth*, and read Dr. Fitch's observations on this subject. If too late to arrest decay in your own teeth, save your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA PLASTERS.—Dr. Hurd's Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are the most pleasant and successful remedies ever prescribed for this painful disease. The patient applies one, soon becomes drowsy, falls asleep, and awakes free from pain, and no blister or other unpleasant or injurious consequences ensue. For *Earache* and *Nervous Headache*, apply according to directions, and relief will surely follow. Nothing can be obtained equal to Dr. Hurd's Compress for Neuralgia. Try them. They are entirely a novel, curious and original preparation, and wonderfully successful. They are of two sizes, one small, for the face, price 15 cents, and the other large, for application to the body, price 37 cents. Will be mailed on receipt of price and one stamp.

WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE DOING?

The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute so much to happiness of those using them, and they want them. Every mail brings us letters, some ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few enclosing 37 cts for the Mouth Wash, to be sent by mail; but to these we are compelled to reply that it is impossible to send a half-pint bottle by mail. The people want these Remedies. Who will supply them?

Now is the

CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune in carrying these articles around to families. The Dental Treasury is the neatest article that a man or woman can carry around. Send for one and see, or, better, a dozen, which we will sell, as samples, for $7. Agents supplied liberally with circulars. ☞ Now is the time to go into the business, to do good, and make a profit. We are spending thousands for the benefit of agents. New England men or women! here is something nice, and a chance to take the tide at its flood. Address,

WM. B. HURD & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

That remittances may be made with confidence, W. B. H. & Co., refer to the Mayor of Brooklyn; to G. W. Griffith, President Farmers' and Citizens Bank, Brooklyn; to Joy, Coe & Co., New York; to P. T. Barnum, Esq. New York, etc., etc.